

Please familiarize yourself with the vocabulary provided below, and then proceed to the second page for the activity where you'll need to complete sentences by filling in the blanks.

1. **Arena:** A venue or enclosed area where sports or events take place.
2. **Court:** The designated area for playing certain sports like tennis, basketball, or volleyball.
3. **Field:** The playing area for various sports like soccer, football, or rugby.
4. **Goal:** A point scored in sports by getting the ball or object into a designated area.
5. **Offside:** A rule in some sports (like soccer) where a player is ahead of the ball and closer to the opponent's goal line than both the ball and the second-to-last defender.
6. **Pass:** To transfer the ball or object to a teammate in a game.
7. **Penalty:** A punishment imposed on a player or team for violating rules.
8. **Score:** The total points or goals obtained in a game or competition.
9. **Serve:** To initiate play by hitting or throwing the ball in some sports.
10. **Shoot:** To attempt to score a goal by kicking or throwing the ball towards the target.
11. **Stadium:** A large venue for sports events with seating for spectators.
12. **Whistle:** An instrument used by officials to signal the start, stop, or pause in a game and to enforce rules.

Please fill in the blanks using the vocabulary given below.

**Field – Pass – Arena – Goal – Court – Score – Shoot – Offside – Whistle – Serve –
Penalty – Stadium**

1. He delivered a powerful _____ that his opponent struggled to return.
2. The final _____ was tied at 2-2 after an intense game.
3. The striker was caught _____ just as he was about to break away.
4. The player made a precise _____ to the defensive player.
5. The referee awarded a _____ after a foul to the player in the danger area.
6. The basketball team entered the _____ to the cheers of their fans.
7. The tennis _____ was resurfaced to prepare for the upcoming tournament.
8. The striker _____ the ball, but the goalkeeper makes a brilliant save.
9. The newly constructed _____ could accommodate over 50,000 spectators.
10. The _____ blew the whistle to signal the end of the match.
11. The soccer _____ was muddy after the heavy rain last night.
12. She scored the winning _____ in the final seconds of the match.

Key:

1. Serve
2. Score
3. Offside
4. Pass
5. Penalty
6. Arena
7. Court
8. Shoot
9. Stadium
10. Referee
11. Field
12. Goal



ESLANGUAGEMATERIALS

Word	Meaning
Ballot	A system of voting, especially secret. To vote by ballot.
Bill	Draft of a proposed law to be discussed in parliament where it will be amended, passed or thrown out.
Bipartisan	Involving two political parties.
Campaign	Planned activities in an organised effort to win an election.
Coalition	Alliance of two or more political parties, usually to form a government.
Constitution	A statement of the fundamental principles and laws by which a country or state is governed.
Coup d'etat	Sudden, often violent, change of government when a group, such as the military, takes control.
Democracy	A form of government where elections are held and people vote for the candidate of their choice to represent them.
Dictatorship	A form of government in which a single individual, who has often seized power by force, exercises political authority using arbitrary and oppressive methods.
Dissolution	The termination of the current parliament, which takes place before a general election.
Election	The process of voting for a candidate or representative.
Electorate	All the people who can vote in an election.
Government	A political body that exercises authority over a nation or state and has the power to make and enforce laws.
Incumbent	Person currently holding an official position.
Landslide victory	Win an election with a large majority of votes.
Law	A rule or regulation established by the government.
Lobby	Group of people who try to influence an elected official, or the

Word	Meaning
Monarchy	System of government in which the head of state is a king or a queen.
Nominee	Person chosen by a political party to run for election.
Opposition	Political party or parties opposing the government.
Policy	Political party or parties opposing the government.
Political asylum	Protection given by a State to a person who has left their own country because they oppose its government.
Political party	A political organisation with stated beliefs, aims and policies, that puts forward candidates in elections.
Politician	Person who has been elected and works professionally in politics.
Politics	The ideas and activities associated with the governing of a country, region, city, etc.
Poll	1) Voting at an election. 2) A survey of public opinion by questioning a selection of people.
Polling day	The day on which elections are held.
(The) polls Polling station	Place where people vote.
Prime Minister	The head of the government in a parliamentary political system.
Regime	System of government: a communist, fascist, etc. regime.
Republic	System of government in which power is held by elected representatives and an elected president.
Run for election	Be a candidate in an election.
Spin doctor	A spokesperson who gives a favourable interpretation of event to the media, especially on behalf of a political personality or party.

Word	Meaning
Turnout	The number of people who go to vote in an election.
Vote	Choose a candidate in an election.



ESLANGUAGE MATERIALS